

Contribution Of Educational Psychology To The Development Of The Islamic Education Curriculum

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ABSTRACT

Developing an Islamic education curriculum is important in improving the quality of Islamic education institutions. The aim of this research is to analyze and describe the contribution of educational psychology to the development of the Islamic education curriculum. The method in this research uses a library research approach. In this study there was no research location, because all data was taken from journals, books and scientific proceedings. The data collection technique in this research uses documentation, with data analysis techniques, namely data reduction, data presentation, and drawing conclusions. The results of this research can be described as showing that educational psychology has an important role in developing the Islamic education curriculum. The use of educational psychology principles in developing Islamic education curricula can help create an inclusive learning environment and support students' holistic growth. By integrating educational psychology concepts, the Islamic education curriculum can be adapted to current needs, including challenges and changes in the continuously developing educational environment. Educational psychology can also provide insight into how to motivate students and overcome barriers to learning in the context of Islamic education. **Keywords:** Educational Psychology, Islamic Education Curriculum.

Regulorus. Educational 1 sychology, Islamic Education Carriculan

ABSTRAK

Pengembangan kurikulum pendidikan islam menjadi penting dalam peningkatan kualitas lembaga pendidikan islam. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk menganalisis dan mendeskripsikan kontibusi psikologi pendidikan terhadap pengembangan kurikulum pendidikan islam. Metode dalam penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan studi kepustakaan (library research). Pada penelitian ini tidak terdapat lokasi penelitian, karena seluruh data diambil dari jurnal, buku, dan proseding ilmiah. Teknik pengumpulan data dalam penelitian ini menggunakan dokumentasi, dengan teknik analisis data yaitu reduksi data, penyajian data, dan penarikan kesimpulan. Hasil penelitian ini dapat dideskripsikan bahwa psikologi pendidikan memiliki peran penting dalam pengembangan kurikulum pendidikan Islam. Penggunaan prinsip-prinsip psikologi pendidikan dalam pengembangan kurikulum pendidikan Islam dapat membantu menciptakan lingkungan belajar yang inklusif dan mendukung pertumbuhan holistik siswa. Dengan mengintegrasikan konsep-konsep psikologi pendidikan, kurikulum pendidikan Islam dapat disesuaikan dengan kebutuhan masa kini, termasuk tantangan dan perubahan dalam lingkungan pendidikan yang terus

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berkembang. Psikologi pendidikan juga dapat memberikan wawasan tentang bagaimana memotivasi siswa dan mengatasi hambatan belajar dalam konteks pendidikan Islam.

Kata Kunci: Psikologi Pendidikan, Kurikulum Pendidikan Islam.

INTRODUCTION

Islamic education plays an important role in forming individuals who have a strong understanding of Islamic religious values and ethics. As time progresses and the demands of educational needs become increasingly complex, the development of an Islamic education curriculum requires a holistic and integrated approach. The curriculum must be able to not only transmit religious values but also be able to develop students' potential as a whole, both from an academic and psychological perspective. In this context, educational psychology offers an indepth view of how students learn, develop, and interact with the surrounding environment. The role of educational psychology in developing the Islamic education curriculum is very important to ensure that the learning process is not only effective from an academic perspective, but also responsive to individual psychological needs in the context of Islamic values.

A comprehensive understanding of students' psychological aspects, such as learning motivation, learning styles, and cognitive, emotional and social development, is crucial in designing a curriculum that is able to adapt to the needs and uniqueness of each individual. By applying the principles of educational psychology, the development of an Islamic education curriculum can enrich learning methods, facilitate an inclusive learning process, and increase the effectiveness of Islamic education in achieving the desired educational goals.

This paper aims to comprehensively explain how the contribution of educational psychology can enrich the development of the Islamic education curriculum, emphasizing the importance of integrating psychological aspects in every stage of curriculum planning, implementation and evaluation. Thus, it is hoped that this paper can provide an in-depth understanding of how important the role of educational psychology is in forming quality Islamic education that is relevant to the demands of the times. With the aim of (1) Analyzing the role of educational psychology in developing the Islamic education curriculum and how this can influence the effectiveness of Islamic education. (2) Analyzing the application of educational psychology principles can improve the quality of learning and teaching in the context of Islamic education. (3) Analyze the challenges and solutions in integrating aspects of educational psychology in the development of the Islamic education curriculum.

METHOD

This research uses a library research approach. Library research is a search and research method using reading and reviewing various journals, books and various other published manuscripts related to research topics in producing an article related to a research topic. In this study there was no research location,

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because all data was taken from journals, books and scientific proceedings. Data collection techniques use documentation, and data analysis techniques using data reduction, data presentation and drawing conclusions.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The results of this research by conducting a literature review of books, scientific journal articles and several scientific studies related to the contribution of educational psychology to the development of the Islamic education curriculum, the researchers can present as follows:

1. **Basic Concepts of Educational Psychology**

Educational psychology is a branch of psychology that focuses its attention on the learning, teaching and education processes in general. This includes the study of how individuals learn, remember information, and use the knowledge they gain. Basic concepts in educational psychology include various theories and principles that support an understanding of how the learning process occurs, how individual cognitive and social development influences learning, and how the learning environment influences learning outcomes.

In the context of Islamic education curriculum development, understanding the basic concepts of educational psychology is important because it allows educational policy makers and educators to design curricula that suit the needs and characteristics of students. By understanding the psychological principles that underlie learning, teachers can design learning strategies that are effective and appropriate to students' cognitive, emotional and social development stages.

In the context of Islamic education, the application of basic educational psychology concepts allows educators to integrate religious values in the learning process and adapt learning methods to Islamic principles. This involves a deep understanding of the best way to shape the character of students with noble morals in accordance with Islamic teachings, while ensuring that the learning process remains interesting and relevant to the students' development.

By understanding the basic concepts of educational psychology, the development of an Islamic education curriculum can be designed in such a way that it includes the cognitive, moral and social development of students, while considering Islamic values as the main foundation in the educational process. Thus, the integration of basic educational psychology concepts is crucial in efforts to improve the holistic and sustainable quality of Islamic education.

Some basic concepts of Educational Psychology according to experts include: (1) Piaget's Cognitive Theory: by Jean Piaget, Piaget emphasized that children are active in constructing their own knowledge through interaction with the environment. In the context of Islamic Education, the application of Piaget's theory can enable the development of a curriculum that pays attention to students' cognitive stages in accordance with Islamic values, so that the learning process can be adjusted to their level of understanding (Piaget. J. (1985). (2) Social Theory Vygotsky by Lev Vygotsky, highlights the important role of social interaction in shaping individual cognition and learning. Vygotsky emphasized that the social environment contributes to the formation of knowledge and skills. In Islamic Education, this concept can be applied to encourage healthy social interaction and build togetherness based on religious teachings, so that students can learn from these interactions (Vygotsky L. S. 1978).(3) Skinner's Behaviorism Theory by B.F. Skinner, suggests that individual behavior can be conditioned through external stimuli, so that in an educational context, positive reinforcement can be used to strengthen the desired behavior. In Islamic Education, this approach can be applied to encourage understanding and behavior in accordance with religious teachings, by providing positive reinforcement for desired behavior in a religious context (Skinner. B. F. 1953). (4) Bandura's Social Learning Theory by Albert Bandura, emphasizes the important role of observation and imitation in individual learning. Bandura argued that individuals learn through the process of observing and imitating the behavior of others around them. In Islamic education, this concept can be applied to form role models that are in accordance with religious teachings, so that students can model behavior that is in accordance with Islamic values (Bandura. A. 1986). (5) Gardner's Theory of Multiple Intelligences by Howard Gardner, highlights the diversity of individual types of intelligence, which go beyond just verbal and mathematical intelligence. Gardner identified seven types of intelligence, including interpersonal, intrapersonal, kinesthetic, and other intelligence. In the context of Islamic education, this concept can be applied to respect and develop students' spiritual and moral intelligence, in addition to cognitive intelligence, in accordance with religious principles (Gardner. H. 1983).

2. Islamic Education Curriculum Components

The Islamic Education Curriculum refers to a learning plan that is based on the teachings of the Islamic religion and aims to develop students' understanding of the Islamic religion and the values contained in it. The main components of the Islamic Education Curriculum can include the following: (1) Cognitive Development, which is an important aspect in the Islamic Education Curriculum which includes understanding religious teachings, theology, Islamic history, and understanding key concepts in Islam. (2) Spiritual Development, Focus on developing students' character and morals, as well as understanding the practice of worship in the Islamic religion. This also includes an understanding of the ethical values and morality contained in Islamic teachings. (3) Physical and mental development, included in this component is the development of students' physical and mental health, which includes learning about the importance of maintaining a healthy body and mind in accordance with Islamic teachings. (4) Social Development, including an understanding of relationships between individuals based on Islamic teachings, including the importance of cooperation, empathy, tolerance and social responsibility. (5) Practical Skills, is part of the curriculum that prepares students to implement religious teachings in everyday life, such as understanding worship practices, etiquette and behavior in accordance with Islamic values. (6) Understanding the Koran and Hadith, it is important to

understand and apply the teachings of the Koran and Hadith in everyday life, so that students can take maximum benefit from religious instruction. (7) Development of critical thinking skills, included in this component is the development of students' abilities to analyze and understand religious texts, as well as think critically about issues related to Islam in the modern era.

Zainal explained the important components in the Islamic Education Curriculum. Some of these components include aspects of cognitive, spiritual, social, physical and practical skills development, all of which are centered on the application of Islamic religious principles in education. Curriculum implementation can form a deeper understanding of Islamic teachings, as well as how to integrate Islamic values into daily learning activities (Zainal, M. 2015).

Majid discussed developing a curriculum that integrates Islamic religious values into every aspect of education. This includes a discussion of ways to incorporate Islamic teachings into various school subjects and activities, as well as how to build a deep understanding of the principles of the Islamic religion in students, and also discusses how to integrate Islamic religious learning with academic and practical skills, so that students can apply these values in their daily lives (Majid, A. (2016).

Abdullah discussed the importance of including spiritual aspects in the Islamic education curriculum. There is an emphasis on developing students' character through a deep understanding of the teachings of the Islamic religion, including an introduction to the moral and ethical values that underlie the religion. Facilitating students' spiritual growth through learning that involves understanding the practice of worship, moral virtues, as well as understanding spiritual concepts related to Islam (Abdullah, A. 2019).

3. Contribution of Educational Psychology to Curriculum Design

The contribution of Educational Psychology to the design of the Islamic Education Curriculum is very important because it can help understand and design a curriculum that suits students' psychological, cognitive and social needs. Some of the key roles of Educational Psychology in the development of the Islamic Education Curriculum are as follows; (1) Deep understanding of the learning process, Educational psychology can help in understanding how students learn and assimilate information. This allows curriculum developers to design learning strategies that are more effective and responsive to students' needs in understanding Islamic teachings. (2) Development of inclusive learning methods, Educational psychology allows curriculum developers to design inclusive learning strategies, taking into account diverse learning styles and students' different learning needs in understanding Islamic religious concepts. (3) Holistic learning evaluation, educational psychology can provide insight into the development of holistic learning evaluation, measuring students' understanding of Islamic teachings from various aspects, both cognitive, affective and psychomotor. (4) Development of a stimulative learning environment, educational psychology allows curriculum developers to create a stimulative learning environment,

Islamic values (Woolfolk, A. 2018).

supporting student growth and development in understanding and applying

4. The influence of educational psychology on learning methods in Islamic education

Educational Psychology plays an important role in developing learning methods that are effective and appropriate to student needs in the context of Islamic Education. The following are the main influences of Educational Psychology on learning methods in Islamic Education; (1) Understanding the student learning process, Educational psychology helps in understanding the student learning process, including different learning styles and factors that influence their learning performance. This allows curriculum developers to design learning methods that suit individual needs, enabling each student to understand the concepts of the Islamic religion in a way that is most effective for them. (2) Adjusting learning methods to student needs, Educational psychology allows adjusting learning methods based on an understanding of individual needs and characteristics. In this way, learning methods can be adapted to students' learning styles, levels of understanding, and levels of development, so that Islamic religious material can be integrated effectively into their learning experience. (3) Use of technology in religious learning, educational psychology introduces the benefits of using technology in education, which can be applied in Islamic religious learning. The integration of modern technology in the religious learning process can help increase student engagement and enrich their understanding of religious concepts in an interactive way. (4) Development of critical and analytical skills, Educational psychology encourages the development of critical and analytical thinking skills, which enable students to study and analyze Islamic teachings in depth. This can be done through a learning approach that emphasizes problem solving, reflective thinking, and analytical skills in understanding religious texts (Santrock, J. W. 2017).

5. Principles of Educational Psychology in the Development of the Islamic Education Curriculum

In developing the Islamic Education Curriculum, the Principles of Educational Psychology play an important role in ensuring the curriculum is effective, responsive to student needs, and oriented towards achieving learning goals. The following are the main principles of Educational Psychology that are relevant in developing the Islamic Education Curriculum; (1) Principle of Individualization of Learning, recognizing that each individual has different learning styles and learning needs. In the context of Islamic Education, this principle requires curriculum developers to adapt learning approaches to students' individual characteristics, enabling them to understand Islamic teachings in the most effective way for each student. (2) Principle of Learning Relevance, emphasizing the importance of linking learning material to students' real lives. In the context of Islamic Education, this principle encourages curriculum developers to relate religious concepts to students' daily life situations, so that they can see the

relevance of Islamic teachings in the context of modern life. (3) Principle of Active Student Involvement, encouraging students to actively participate and be directly involved in the learning process is one of the main objectives in developing the Islamic Education Curriculum. This principle can be applied by using a learning approach in the form of group discussions, collaborative projects, and practical activities that allow students to experience Islamic teachings directly. (4) Principle of Contextualization of Learning, emphasizing the importance of presenting learning material in a context that can be understood by students. In Islamic Education, this principle requires curriculum developers to relate religious concepts to students' social, cultural and historical situations, so that they can recognize the relevance of Islamic teachings in a broader context (Slavin, R. E. 2017).

6. Application of Psychological Theory in Teaching Religious Material

In the integration of psychological aspects in the Islamic Education Curriculum, the application of psychological theories in teaching religious material plays an important role in ensuring deep and relevant understanding for students. The application of psychological theory in teaching religious material involves several key principles; (1) Cognitive Learning Theory, applies cognitive learning principles, such as schema building and assimilation, to facilitate students' understanding of religious concepts in the Islamic Education Curriculum. This allows students to link new information with existing knowledge, so they can understand religious teachings in more depth (Woolfolk, A. 2018). (2) Social Learning Theory. (3) Apply social learning principles, such as social-based learning models, to develop students' understanding of religious values and practices in social contexts. This allows students to understand the importance of Islamic religious values in their social interactions and how to apply these values in everyday life (Bandura, A. 1977). (4) Moral Development Theory, applies the principles of moral development, such as Lawrence Kohlberg's moral development theory, to facilitate students' understanding of moral concepts in Islamic religious teachings. By understanding the stages of moral development, teachers can develop teaching strategies that are appropriate to students' level of moral development (Kohlberg, L. 1984).

7. Pengembangan Aspek Kognitif dan Emosional dalam Kurikulum Pendidikan Islam

In integrating psychological aspects in the Islamic Education Curriculum, it is important to pay attention to the development of students' cognitive and emotional aspects. The development of cognitive and emotional aspects in the Islamic Education Curriculum involves the following important steps; (1) Cognitive Development through Learning the Al-Quran and Hadith, facilitating students' understanding of Islamic religious teachings through learning the Al-Quran and Hadith. This helps in developing students' cognitive aspects, such as understanding religious concepts, Islamic history, and theology (Esposito, J. L. 2004). (2) Emotional Development through Teaching Moral Values, integrating the

teaching of moral values found in Islamic religious teachings to develop students' emotional aspects. This allows students to understand and apply the principles of empathy, compassion, and integrity in their daily lives (Hamid, A. T. 2010). (3) Developing Critical Thinking Skills through Discussion and Analysis of Religious Texts, encouraging students to involve critical thinking skills in understanding religious texts. This involves an in-depth analysis of the historical, social, and cultural context of religious texts, which can help in the development of students' cognitive and emotional aspects (Johnson, W. 2018).

8. Obstacles in Implementing Educational Psychology Concepts in the Curriculum

Integrating Educational Psychology concepts in the Islamic Education Curriculum can involve a number of challenges and obstacles. The following is an explanation of several common obstacles in implementing Educational Psychology concepts in the curriculum; (1) Ignorance or Lack of Understanding of Educational Psychology, lack of adequate understanding or knowledge of the principles of educational psychology can be an obstacle in implementing these concepts in the curriculum. This can influence teachers' ability to design learning that suits students' psychological needs. (2) Limited Resources, limited resources, whether in terms of funds, facilities, or training for teachers, can be an obstacle in implementing the concepts of Educational Psychology effectively. This can hinder the implementation of learning methods that are more interactive and adequate to meet students' psychological needs. (3) Challenges of a dense curriculum, a dense curriculum and a heavy learning load can limit the time available to implement educational psychology concepts as a whole. This can make it difficult for curriculum developers to integrate approaches that emphasize students' psychological understanding. (4) Cultural and Value Challenges. Challenges in integrating educational psychology concepts can also arise from differences in culture and societal values which can influence the acceptance of certain psychological principles. This requires an approach that is sensitive to cultural context to adapt learning strategies to local values (Woolfolk, A. 2018).

9. Strategy for Overcoming Challenges

Overcoming the challenges and obstacles in integrating Educational Psychology in the curriculum context requires effective strategies; (1) Providing Training and Raising Awareness, providing training to teachers and educational staff regarding the principles of Educational Psychology, so that they can understand students' psychological needs and apply appropriate strategies. This can be done through workshops, seminars, or professional development programs. (2) Use of Educational Technology, utilizing educational technology, such as online learning platforms, mobile applications, or interactive learning software, to help overcome resource limitations and apply Educational Psychology concepts in teaching. This can help create a more interactive and engaging learning experience for students. (3) Flexible Curriculum Development, designing a flexible and adaptive curriculum, which allows adjustments according to students'

psychological and learning needs. This can be done by including learning elements that are responsive to students' learning styles and cognitive abilities. (4) Collaboration with the Community, collaborating with local communities, families and related institutions to strengthen teaching based on local and cultural values. This can help overcome cultural and value challenges that may influence acceptance of Educational Psychology concepts (Santrock, J. W. 2017).

10. Contribution of Educational Psychology in the Development of the Islamic Education Curriculum

Implementing psychological principles in the educational curriculum in the modern era, integration between educational psychology and Islamic education curriculum development is becoming increasingly important. The involvement of educational psychology in formulating, implementing and evaluating the Islamic education curriculum can make a significant contribution in increasing the effectiveness of learning, moral development and spirituality of students such as practices that apply psychological principles in the Islamic education curriculum; (1) Application of Multiple Intelligence Based Learning Strategies in Teaching the Qur'an and Hadith. The use of learning strategies that pay attention to students' multiple intelligences, such as verbal-linguistic, logical-mathematical, visualspatial, kinesthetic, musical, interpersonal, intrapersonal and naturalist intelligence, can increase students' understanding and involvement in studying sacred texts. Al-Qur'an and Hadith. (2) Development of an Islamic Guidance and Counseling Program. Providing guidance and counseling programs based on the principles of Islamic psychology can help students overcome their psychological and emotional problems, as well as improve mental and spiritual well-being. This program can include Islamic personality development, conflict handling, emotional management, and development of social skills. (3) Integration of Islamic Values in Science and Mathematics Curriculum Development. Emphasis on integrating Islamic values in science and mathematics learning can help students understand the relationship between science and religious teachings. This approach can also increase students' awareness of the contribution of science to the understanding and practice of religion.

Implementation of psychological principles in the Islamic education curriculum can provide in-depth insight into the impact of psychology's contribution to the learning and development process of students. By examining concrete case studies, this paper is able to identify the challenges and benefits associated with applying psychology principles in the context of Islamic education, helping to identify areas where educational psychology approaches have been successfully applied and where further adjustments are needed.

In understanding how educational psychology can contribute to the development of the Islamic education curriculum, for example the development of the Islamic Education Curriculum for Early Childhood with case analysis of the implementation of psychological principles in the Islamic education curriculum as follows; (1) Problem Identification. An Islamic educational institution wants to

develop a curriculum for early childhood that not only focuses on understanding religion, but also supports their psychological and social development. (2) Educational Psychology Analysis. Understanding of Developmental Stages. (a) Using Piaget's theory of cognitive development or Vygotsky's theory of social development to understand the ability of young children to understand religious concepts better. (b) Motivation and Rewards. Applying motivation theories such as Maslow's hierarchy of needs theory to motivate children to study religion by providing appropriate rewards. (c) Learning Style. Accommodate various learning styles, such as visual, auditory, and kinesthetic, to ensure that religious material can be well understood by various types of students. (3) Implementation in the Islamic Education Curriculum. (a) Integration of Material with Play Activities. Using interesting religious stories and play activities that support understanding of religious concepts. (b) Use of Interactive Media. Utilize technology and interactive media, such as educational applications, to help children understand religious concepts in a fun and interesting way. (c) Self-Strengthening Program. Organizing activities that increase children's self-confidence and social skills through a religious approach that teaches moral and ethical values. (4) Evaluation and Correction. Using evaluation methods that include observations, tests and interviews to ensure that the curriculum developed has successfully met the psychological, intellectual and emotional needs of early childhood, as well as making corrections if necessary. By paying attention to this analysis, the Islamic education curriculum can be structured in such a way that it not only meets religious needs, but also accommodates psychological aspects and early childhood development. This ensures that the teaching and learning process becomes more effective and meaningful for students

CONCLUSION

The conclusions in this research are (1) educational psychology has an important role in developing the Islamic education curriculum. Through a deep understanding of individual psychology, Islamic educational approaches can be adapted to the needs and psychological characteristics of students. (2) the use of educational psychology principles in developing Islamic education curricula can help create an inclusive learning environment and support students' holistic growth. By paying attention to psychological aspects, the curriculum can be designed to promote students' spiritual, social and emotional growth in line with religious teachings. (3) by integrating educational psychology concepts, the Islamic education curriculum can be adapted to current needs, including challenges and changes in the continuously developing educational environment. This makes it possible to develop teaching methods that are more effective and responsive to the changing needs of students. (4) educational psychology can also provide insight into how to motivate students and overcome barriers to learning in the context of Islamic education. Thus, the curriculum can be adjusted to optimize the teaching and learning process by taking into account individual differences and their

learning needs. By integrating educational psychology concepts into the development of the Islamic education curriculum, it can be hoped that education will become more holistic, integrated and responsive to overall individual development, in line with Islamic values and principles.

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